



	Autumn I New Beginnings	Autumn 2 Getting on and Falling out	Spring 1 Going for Goals	Spring 2 Good to be me	Summer 1 Relationships	Summer 2 Changes		
		Bullying	The body of the state of the st					
Nursery	Select and use activities and resource	'	'	0		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
Development	responsibility and membership of a c	0		0 0	0			
Matters	with more than one child extending	0 1 0	•	v '	1 0	,		
	and suggesting other ideas. Increasi	0 0 0	0 0 0 1		· ·	1 11 1		
	of being assertive. Talk with others	v		110 00	· ·	0 0		
	Be increasingly independent in meeting their own care needs by brushing their teeth, using the toilet, washing and drying their hands thoroughly. Make healthy choices about food							
	and drink.  Show an understanding of their own feelings and those of others, and begin to regulate their behaviour accordingly.							
Reception	• •	• •	0 0	0 0	. 1			
	Set and work towards simple goals,	· ·	•	'		. 1. 1.1		
	Give focused attention to what the t	eacher says, responding app	proprialely even when enga	ged in activity, and snow a	n ability to follow instruction	ons involving several ideas or		
		A -1		C C - L - III				
	Be confident to try new activities an	'		re face of challenge.				
	Explain the reasons for rules, know	• • •			T			
	Manage their own basic hygiene an	,	aressing, going to the tottet	and understanding the imp	oriance of healthy food chi	OLCES.		
	Work and play cooperatively and take turns with others.							
	Form positive attachments to adults and friendships with peers.  Show sensitivity to their own and to others' needs.							
	o a	Getting on and falling out	Going for Goals	Good to be me	Relationships	Changes		
Voor	I New Beginnings	Octuring of and familia out						
Year	New Beginnings		and by any					
Year One	Belonging: Pupils know they	Friendship: Pupils can explain what it means to	doing for douis	Knowing myself	Knowing myself	Knowing myself		
		Friendship: Pupils can	Knowing myself	Knowing myself	Knowing myself	Knowing myself  Pupils can describe some things		





how to make people feel **welcome**.

<u>Self-awareness:</u> Pupils know how they are the **same** as and **different** from their friends and feel good about their **strengths**.

Managing my feelings: Pupils know some ways to **calm** themselves down when they are feeling **scared** or **upset**.

Understanding the feelings of others: Pupils are beginning to recognise how other people are feeling and how to make them feel better.

Making choices: Pupils know some ways to **solve problems**.

### <u>Understanding rights and</u> responsibilities

Pupils are able to help to make their class a **safe** and **fair** place for all and a good place to **learn**. people when they are talking.

Pupils can make someone else feel good by giving them a **compliment**; they know what to say when someone gives them a compliment.

Seeing things from another point of view: Pupils are aware that people don't always see things in the same way and are beginning to see things from someone else's point of view.

Working together: Pupils can work in a group and decide how effective the group has been.

Managing feelings - anger: Pupils are able to recognise if they are feeling angry (they recognise changes inside and outside of their body); they are beginning to find ways to calm down to avoid feeling overwhelmed.

#### Resolving conflict

Pupils are beginning to use peaceful problem solving to resolve conflicts with friends

Say no to bullying

Pupils know that we all **learn** in different ways; they can explain some of their **strengths** as a learner.

#### Setting a realistic goal

Pupils can say what they want to happen when there is a **problem**; they can **predict** and **understand** the **consequences** of reaching their goal.

#### Planning to reach a goal

Pupils can break their goal down into **small realistic steps**.

#### Persistence

Pupils can **resist distractions**; they can work towards a **reward** or the **satisfaction** of finishing a task.

Pupils recognise when they are becoming **bored** or **frustrated** and know some ways to **overcome** these feelings.

#### Making choices

Pupils can think of lots of ideas or solutions to problems, **predicting** the consequences; they can choose between their ideas and give reasons.

able to explain something that makes them feel **proud**.

Pupils know when they learn best and are able to explain what they have learnt.

Pupils are able to explain their **strengths** and **weaknesses**; they can discuss their **behaviour** towards tasks.

Pupils can tell when they are being **impulsive** and when they are thinking things through; they understand when a feeling is **weak** and when it is **strong**.

### Understanding my feelings

Pupils are able to use a variety of words to describe different feelings; they can explain what makes them feel anxious or worried.

Pupils can tell when they are feeling **proud** explaining something that makes them feel proud; they can help another person feel proud.

#### Managing my feelings

Pupils understand what stressed and relaxed mean; they can show relaxed by being still and Pupils know the people who are **important** to them.

Pupils can tell when they feel **cared** for; they can tell when they **love** or care for someone.

### Understanding my feelings

Pupils can describe something that has made them **jealous**; they can tell when they feel jealous.

Pupils understand that being **unkind** and **hurting** someone doesn't make them feel better.

Pupils can explain how they feel when they **lose someone** or **something** they care about.

#### Managing my feelings

Pupils can feel **proud** on behalf of their friends when they have done something well.

Pupils can think of ways to make themselves **feel better** when they feel hurt; they can make themselves feel better without hurting others.

Pupils can **share** people they care about.

not change; they can describe how they might change in the future and they know that some changes are natural and happen 'by themselves'.

Pupils know different ways that help them to **learn** to do things.

Pupils can explain what a **habit** is and know that it is hard to change one

Pupils know what it means when something is or isn't your **fault**.

#### Planning to reach a goal

Pupils can describe a plan they have made to change something about their **behaviour**; they can think about and plan to overcome obstacles.

#### Making choices

Pupils can describe **changes** they can make happen; they can make some changes quickly and easily but know that some changes are hard and take a long time.

Pupils know that they make their own **choices** about their **behaviour**.





		Pupils are able to explain what bullying is.  Pupils know some of the ways in which they are the same as and different from their friends; they are proud of their differences.  Pupils are able to explain how someone who is bullied might feel; they can be kind to children who are bullied.  Pupils understand how feeling of sadness affect the way people behave and think.  Pupils know what to do if they are bullied; they know some people in and out of school who they can talk to about their	Evaluation and Review  Pupils can explain what they have learned from their successes; they can evaluate what went well and how they might do things differently in the future.	quiet and finding ways and places to relax.  Pupils can change their behaviour if they need to; they can explain some things that help them stop worrying.  Standing up for myself  Pupils know when and how to stand up for themselves.  Making choices  Pupils can use the problem-solving process.	Pupils can talk about their feelings when they feel alone or when they have to share someone or something that is important to them.  Understanding the feeling of others  Pupils understand that if someone leaves them, they might still love them.  Pupils understand that people have to make hard choices and sometimes they have no choice.	
		feelings.				
Year	New Beginnings	Getting on and falling out	Going for Goals	Good to be me	Relationships	Changes
Two	Belonging: Pupils know they belong to a community and feel safe within their class. Pupils can explain how they are similar or different to a group and know how to make people feel welcome.  Self-awareness: Pupils know how they are the same as and different from their friends and feel good about their strengths.	Friendship: Pupils can explain what it means to be a <b>good friend</b> ; they can <b>listen</b> well to other people when they are talking.  Pupils can make someone else feel good by giving them a <b>compliment</b> ; they know what to say when someone gives them a compliment.	Knowing myself  Pupils know that we all learn in different ways; they can explain some of their strengths as a learner.  Setting a realistic goal  Pupils can say what they want to happen when	Knowing myself  Pupils can talk about their gifts and talents; they are able to explain something that makes them feel proud.  Pupils know when they learn best and are able to explain what they have learnt.	Knowing myself  Pupils know the people who are important to them.  Pupils can tell when they feel cared for; they can tell when they love or care for someone.	Knowing myself  Pupils can describe some things about themselves that have changed and some things that will not change; they can describe how they might change in the future and they know that some changes are natural and happen 'by themselves'.  Pupils know different ways that help them to learn to do things.





Managing my feelings: Pupils know some ways to calm themselves down when they are feeling scared or upset.

<u>Understanding the feelings of others:</u> Pupils are beginning to **recognise** how other people are feeling and how to make them feel better.

<u>Making choices:</u> Pupils know some ways to **solve problems**.

### <u>Understanding rights and</u> responsibilities

Pupils are able to help to make their class a **safe** and **fair** place for all and a good place to **learn**. Seeing things from another point of view: Pupils are aware that people don't always see things in the same way and are beginning to see things from someone else's point of view.

Working together: Pupils can work in a group and decide how effective the group has been.

Managing feelings - anger: Pupils are able to recognise if they are feeling angry (they recognise changes inside and outside of their body); they are beginning to find ways to calm down to avoid feeling overwhelmed.

#### Resolving conflict

Pupils are beginning to use peaceful problem solving to resolve conflicts with friends

Say no to bullying

Pupils are able to explain what **bullying** is.

Pupils know some of the ways in which they are the same as and different from their friends; they are proud of their differences.

there is a **problem**; they can **predict** and **understand** the **consequences** of reaching their goal.

#### Planning to reach a goal

Pupils can break their goal down into **small realistic steps**.

#### **Persistence**

Pupils can resist distractions; they can work towards a reward or the satisfaction of finishing a task.

Pupils recognise when they are becoming **bored** or **frustrated** and know some ways to **overcome** these feelings.

#### Making choices

Pupils can think of lots of ideas or solutions to problems, **predicting** the consequences; they can **choose** between their ideas and give reasons.

#### **Evaluation and Review**

Pupils can explain what they have learned from their successes; they can evaluate what went well and how they might do things differently in the future. Pupils are able to explain their **strengths** and **weaknesses**; they can discuss their **behaviour** towards tasks.

Pupils can tell when they are being **impulsive** and when they are thinking things through; they understand when a feeling is **weak** and when it is **strong**.

### Understanding my feelings

Pupils are able to use a variety of words to describe different feelings; they can explain what makes them feel anxious or worried.

Pupils can tell when they are feeling **proud** explaining something that makes them feel proud; they can help another person feel proud.

#### Managing my feelings

Pupils understand what stressed and relaxed mean; they can show relaxed by being still and quiet and finding ways and places to relax.

Pupils can **change** their behaviour if they need to; they can explain some things that help them stop **worrying**.

#### Understanding my feelings

Pupils can describe something that has made them **jealous**; they can tell when they feel jealous.

Pupils understand that being **unkind** and **hurting** someone doesn't make them feel better.

Pupils can explain how they feel when they lose someone or something they care about.

#### Managing my feelings

Pupils can feel **proud** on behalf of their friends when they have done something well.

Pupils can think of ways to make themselves **feel better** when they feel hurt; they can make themselves feel better without hurting others.

Pupils can **share** people they care about.

Pupils can talk about their feelings when they feel alone or when they have to share someone or something that is important to them.

<u>Understanding the feeling</u> of others

Pupils can explain what a **habit** is and know that it is hard to change one.

Pupils know what it means when something is or isn't your **fault**.

#### Planning to reach a goal

Pupils can describe a plan they have made to change something about their **behaviour**; they can think about and plan to overcome obstacles.

#### Making choices

Pupils can describe **changes** they can make happen; they can make some changes quickly and easily but know that some changes are hard and take a long time.

Pupils know that they make their own **choices** about their **behaviour**.





Year Three	Belonging Pupils know something about	Pupils are able to explain how someone who is bullied feels; they can be kind to children who are bullied.  Pupils understand how feeling of sadness affect the way people behave and think.  Pupils know what to do if they are bullied; they know some people in and out of school who they can talk to about their feelings.  Friendship  Pupils know how to:	Say no to bullying (focusing on witnesses)	Standing up for myself  Pupils know when and how to stand up for themselves.  Making choices  Pupils can use the problem-solving process.  Knowing myself  Pupils know that they	Pupils understand that if someone leaves them, they might still love them.  Pupils understand that people have to make hard choices and sometimes they have no choice.  Knowing myself  Pupils can tell when	Knowing myself Pupils know that <b>change</b> can
	everyone in their class; they	look and sound	withesses)	are <b>responsible</b> for	something is their fault	be <b>good</b> and describe some
	know that they are <b>valued</b> at	friendly; be a good	Pupils know what it	their own learning and	and when something is	changes that have made our
	school and how to make	listener (taking turns);	means to be a	behaviour and how	not their fault.	lives much better.
	someone feel <b>welcomed</b> and	give and receive	witness to bullying;	their feelings can have	Pupils can take	Pupils know that everybody
	valued at school.	compliments; see things from someone	they are aware that witnesses can make	an influence; they understand and use	responsibility for their	goes through many different
	Pupils know what it feels like to	else's <b>point of view</b> .	the situation better or	their <b>strengths</b> as a	behaviour.	sorts of change all the time;
	be <b>unwelcome</b> ; they also know	_	worse with their	learner and know what	Dunile con evalein the	they can describe some of the
	how to join a <b>group</b> .	Pupils can explain how to give 'friendship	actions.	they need to learn effectively.	Pupils can explain the things that <b>hurt</b> their	changes in their life, and how they feel about them.
	<u>Self-awareness</u>	tokens' to other	Pupils know how it	,	feelings.	Dunile lines with at what we feel
1	Pupils are able to explain	people.	might feel to be a	Setting a realistic goal	Understanding my	Pupils know that what we feel and think affects how we
	something <b>special</b> about	Seeing things from	witness and a target of bullying.	Pupils can set a	feelings	<b>behave</b> ; they can explain why
	themselves.	another point of view		realistic goal by	Dunile con everes	they behave in a certain way
	Understanding my feelings	Pupils know how to	Pupils can explain why	foreseeing obstacles	Pupils can express feelings of <b>guilt</b> ; they	when they are finding a
		see things from someone else's <b>point</b>	witnesses sometimes join in with bullying	and <b>planning</b> to overcome them.	can say when they	change difficult.
	Pupils know how it feels to be	of view.	and <b>don't tell</b> .	Overcome mem.	might feel guilty and	Understanding my feelings
	happy, sad or scared and can usually tell if other people are			Planning to reach a	know some things to	Don't have the f
	feeling these emotions; they	Working together	Pupils can explain	goal	do when they feel guilty.	Pupils know that even changes we want to happen
	can <b>predict</b> how they will feel in		some ways of <b>helping</b> to make someone who		guilty.	changes we want to happen can sometimes feel
	1 ,		to make someone who	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	





a **new situation** or when meeting new people.

#### Managing my feelings

Pupils know how it feels to do or start something new, and some ways to **cope** with these feelings.

Pupils can manage their feelings and usually find a way to **calm down** when necessary.

#### Social Skills

Pupils can give and accept a **compliment**.

#### Making Choices

Pupils know some more ways to solve a problem.

#### Rights and Responsibilities

Pupils can contribute towards making a **class charter** and understand their rights and responsibilities in the school.

Pupils understand why we need to have different **rules** in different places, and know what the rules are in school. Pupils can take on a role in a group and contribute to the overall outcome; they can discuss in a group how well they are working together.

### <u>Managing feelings</u> – anger

Pupils know: what their triggers for anger are; how our bodies change when we start to get angry; some ways to calm down when they start feeling angry.

Pupils understand why it is important to calm down before they are **overwhelmed** by feelings of anger; they know how it feels to be overwhelmed by feelings of anger and can explain some of the ways they can stop this happening to them.

#### Resolving conflict

Pupils can use peaceful problem solving to sort out difficulties; they can explain what a 'winwin' solution is and

### is being bullied feel better.

Pupils know that bullying is sometimes hard to spot and what to do if they think it is happening; they are able to **solve** a bullying problem **with others**. Pupils can set success criteria and break down a goal into small steps; they know how others can help them to achieve their

goals and they can

### help others. Persistence

Pupils can recognise when they find learning difficult and **persevere** when they need to.

Pupils can manage frustration and keep going even when a task is difficult or boring; they know when to keep trying and when to try something else.

Pupils can identify some **barriers** to their learning, including some **thoughts**.

#### Making choices

Pupils can identify advantages and disadvantages of the solutions or goals they set for themselves; they can predict the consequences of their actions/solutions/

#### Managing my feelings

Pupils can explain when they feel ashamed about something; they know when to tell someone about it.

### Understanding the feelings of others

Pupils can understand how they might **hurt** others.

Pupils know how most people feel when they lose something or someone they **love**.

#### Social skills

Pupils can explain how they can make someone who is important to them happy; they can explain some ways to make amends if they have done something cruel or unkind.

Pupils can explain how they feel about the **important** people or animals in their life.

Pupils know some ways to **celebrate** the

uncomfortable; they can explain how they would feel if a change they didn't want was imposed on them.

Pupils know some of the reasons that change can feel **uncomfortable** and **scary**.

### <u>Understanding the feelings of</u> others

Pupils can sometimes understand why other people are behaving as they are when they are finding a change difficult.

#### Managing my feelings

Pupils know some ways of **dealing** with the feelings that sometimes arise from changes.

#### Belonging to a community

Pupils can explain how it feels to belong to a **group**, and know it is important for everyone.





	1			1		T
		always try to find one		goals for themselves	life of someone they	
		in a <b>conflict</b> situation.		or others and make a	care about.	
				choice about what to	Don't considerable	
				do.	Pupils can describe	
					someone they no	
					longer see; they	
					understand that we	
					can <b>remember</b> people	
					even if we no longer	
					see them.	
					Making choices	
					Pupils know how to	
					make a <b>good choice</b> .	
					Pupils can take	
					responsibility for	
					what they choose to	
					do.	
Year Four	N. D.	C II. I C II.	Bullying	Going for Goals!	Good to be me	Relationships
Tear Four	New Beginnings	Getting on and falling	<u>Dunying</u>	Compiler Cours.	GOOG TO BE THE	<u>redutionships</u>
	Belonging	out	Say no to bullying	Knowing myself	Knowing myself	Knowing myself
	<u> </u>		(focusing on		5 " . " .	
	Pupils know something about	<u>Friendship</u>	<u>witnesses)</u>	Pupils know that they	Pupils can tell when	Pupils know that <b>change</b> can
	everyone in their class; they	Pupils know how to:		are <b>responsible</b> for	something is their fault	be <b>good</b> and describe some
	know that they are valued at	look and sound	Pupils know what it	their own learning and	and when something is	changes that have made our
	school and how to make		means to be a	behaviour and how	not their fault.	lives much better.
	someone feel welcomed and	friendly; be a good	witness to bullying;	their feelings can have	Dunile con telco	Dunile know that eventh = -!:
	valued at school.	listener (taking turns);	they are aware that	an influence; they	Pupils can take	Pupils know that everybody
		give and receive	witnesses can make	understand and use	responsibility for their	goes through many different
	Pupils know what it feels like to	compliments; see	the situation better or	their <b>strengths</b> as a	behaviour.	sorts of change all the time;
	be <b>unwelcome</b> ; they also know	things from someone	worse with their	learner and know what	Pupils can explain the	they can describe some of the
	ac annual contraction, units, units in the in-			they need to learn	i upiis can explain lile	changes in their life, and how
	how to join a <b>group</b> .	else's point of view.	actions.		things that burt their	
		·		effectively.	things that <b>hurt</b> their	they feel about them.
		Pupils can explain how	Pupils know how it	effectively.	things that <b>hurt</b> their feelings.	they feel about them.
	how to join a <b>group</b> .  Self-awareness	Pupils can explain how to give 'friendship	Pupils know how it might <b>feel</b> to be a		feelings.	they feel about them.  Pupils know that what we feel
	how to join a <b>group</b> .  Self-awareness  Pupils are able to explain	Pupils can explain how to give 'friendship tokens' to other	Pupils know how it might <b>feel</b> to be a <b>witness</b> and a <b>target</b>	effectively.  Setting a realistic goal	feelings. <u>Understanding my</u>	they feel about them.  Pupils know that what we feel and think affects how we
	how to join a <b>group</b> .  Self-awareness  Pupils are able to explain something <b>special</b> about	Pupils can explain how to give 'friendship	Pupils know how it might <b>feel</b> to be a	effectively.  Setting a realistic goal  Pupils can set a	feelings.	they feel about them.  Pupils know that what we feel and think affects how we behave; they can explain why
	how to join a <b>group</b> .  Self-awareness  Pupils are able to explain	Pupils can explain how to give 'friendship tokens' to other	Pupils know how it might <b>feel</b> to be a <b>witness</b> and a <b>target</b>	effectively.  Setting a realistic goal	feelings. <u>Understanding my</u>	they feel about them.  Pupils know that what we feel and think affects how we





#### Understanding my feelings

Pupils know how it feels to be happy, sad or scared and can usually tell if other people are feeling these emotions; they can predict how they will feel in a new situation or when meeting new people.

#### Managing my feelings

Pupils know how it feels to do or start something new, and some ways to **cope** with these feelings.

Pupils can manage their feelings and usually find a way to **calm down** when necessary.

#### Social Skills

Pupils can give and accept a **compliment**.

#### Making Choices

Pupils know some more ways to solve a problem.

#### Rights and Responsibilities

Pupils can contribute towards making a **class charter** and understand their rights and responsibilities in the school.

Pupils understand why we need to have different **rules** in

Seeing things from another point of view Pupils know how to see things from someone else's point of view.

#### Working together

Pupils can take on a role in a group and contribute to the overall outcome; they can discuss in a group how well they are working together.

### <u>Managing feelings</u> – anger

Pupils know: what their triggers for anger are; how our bodies change when we start to get angry; some ways to calm down when they start feeling angry.

Pupils understand why it is important to calm down before they are **overwhelmed** by feelings of anger; they know how it feels to be overwhelmed by feelings of anger and can explain some of the ways they can stop

Pupils can explain why witnesses sometimes **join in** with bullying and **don't tell**.

Pupils can explain some ways of **helping** to make someone who is being bullied **feel better**.

Pupils know that bullying is sometimes hard to spot and what to do if they think it is happening; they are able to **solve** a bullying problem **with others**. and **planning** to overcome them.

### Planning to reach a goal

Pupils can set success criteria and break down a goal into small steps; they know how others can help them to achieve their goals and they can help others.

#### **Persistence**

Pupils can recognise when they find learning difficult and **persevere** when they need to.

Pupils can manage frustration and keep going even when a task is difficult or boring; they know when to keep trying and when to try something else.

Pupils can identify some **barriers** to their learning, including some **thoughts**.

#### Making choices

Pupils can identify advantages and disadvantages of the

Pupils can express feelings of **guilt**; they can say when they might feel guilty and know some things to do when they feel guilty.

#### Managing my feelings

Pupils can explain when they feel ashamed about something; they know when to tell someone about it.

### <u>Understanding the</u> feelings of others

Pupils can understand how they might **hurt** others.

Pupils know how most people feel when they lose something or someone they **love**.

#### Social skills

Pupils can explain how they can make someone who is important to them happy; they can explain some ways to make amends if they have done something cruel or unkind. when they are finding a change **difficult**.

#### Understanding my feelings

Pupils know that even changes we want to happen can sometimes feel **uncomfortable**; they can explain how they would feel if a change they didn't want was **imposed** on them.

Pupils know some of the reasons that change can feel **uncomfortable** and **scary**.

### <u>Understanding the feelings of</u> others

Pupils can sometimes understand why other people are behaving as they are when they are finding a change difficult.

#### Managing my feelings

Pupils know some ways of **dealing** with the feelings that sometimes arise from changes.

#### Belonging to a community

Pupils can explain how it feels to belong to a **group**, and know it is important for everyone.





	different places, and know what the rules are in school.	this happening to them.  Resolving conflict  Pupils can use peaceful problem solving to sort out difficulties; they can explain what a 'win-win' solution is and always try to find one in a conflict situation.		solutions or goals they set for themselves; they can predict the consequences of their actions/solutions/ goals for themselves or others and make a choice about what to do.	Pupils can explain how they feel about the important people or animals in their life.  Pupils know some ways to celebrate the life of someone they care about.  Pupils can describe someone they no longer see; they understand that we can remember people even if we no longer see them.  Making choices  Pupils know how to make a good choice.  Pupils can take responsibility for what they choose to do.	
Year Fiwe	New Beginnings	Getting on	Bullying	Going for Goals	Good to Me	Relationships
	Belonging Pupils have worked with and talked to everyone in their class;	Eriendship Pupils know that different ways of behaving are	Pupils understand how rumour-spreading and name-calling can be bullying behaviours.	Knowing myself  Pupils know the skills  and attributes to be an  effective learner and try  to develop these skills;	Knowing myself Pupils accept themselves for what and who they are.	Knowing myself Pupils can think about what embarrasses them; they are able to learn something about





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Understanding my feelings

Pupils understand how it **feels** to do or start something new, and why.

Managing my feelings

Pupils have some strategies to cope with uncomfortable feelings and to calm themselves down when necessary.

<u>Understanding the feeling of</u> others

Pupils know how others may be feeling when they are in an unfamiliar situation; they can help them to feel valued and welcomed.

Social skills

appropriate to different types of relationships.

Pupils can accept and appreciate people's friendship and try not to demand more than they are able to or wish to give; they know that sometimes difference can be a barrier to friendship.

Pupils try to recognise when they, or other people, are prejudging people and they make an effort to overcome their own assumptions.

Seeing things from another point of view

Pupils are able to see a situation from another person's perspective, they know how it might feel to be excluded or treated badly because of

Pupils can explain the difference between direct and indirect types of bullying.

Pupils can explain some of the ways in which one person (or a group of people) can have power over another; they know some of the reasons why people use bullying behaviours.

Pupils know some ways to encourage children who use bullying behaviours to make other choices

Pupils can explain a range of strategies they have for managing their feelings in bullying situations; they can explain problem solving strategies for bullying situations.

they are aware of what some people like or admire about them and can celebrate their own achievements.

Pupils can recognise when they are using an excuse instead of finding a way around a problem.

Setting a realistic goal

Pupils can set themselves a **goal** or **challenge.** 

<u>Planning to reach a</u> goal

Pupils can make a personal or learning long-term plan and break it down into smaller, achievable goals; they know that it is up to them to get

<u>Understanding my</u> <u>feelings</u>

Pupils can tell the difference between showing they are proud and boasting; they are aware that boasting can make others feel inadequate or useless.

Pupilo can explain how they are feeling even if they have mixed feelings; they are aware that at times the feeling part of the brain takes over and they might make mistakes. Pupils understand that strong, overwhelming feelings can build up and how to use a calming-down strategy in these situations to avoid 'losing it'.

Managing my feelings

themselves that they didn't know before.

Understanding my feelings

Pupils can describe a time they felt embarrassed and what it felt like.

Pupils understand that there is not just one way to grieve.

Managing my feelings

Pupils know some things to do when they feel embarrassed that will not make things worse.

Pupils can use some strategies to manage feelings associated with loss

Pupils can tell when they are hiding a feeling and then choose to share it with someone.

Understanding the feelings of others





Pupils can work well in a group
and explain what helps a group to
work well together.

#### Making choices

Pupils can explain how they go about solving a problem and can give examples.

#### Rights and responsibilities

Pupils understand their rights and responsibilities in the school.

Pupils know some of the things that help children in school to learn and play well together.

Pupils understand the need for **rules** in society and school; if they don't agree with something in school, pupils know how to go about trying to change things.

being different in some way.

#### Working together

Pupils can explain some things that a good leader should do.

When they are working in a group, pupils can tell people if they agree or disagree with them and why; they are able to listen to people when they don't agree and think about what they have said.

### Managing feelings - anger

Pupils know: what their triggers for anger are; what happens when they get angry; what happens when they are overwhelmed by feelings of anger; some

things done by taking the first step.

#### <u>Persistence</u>

Pupils know that if at first, they do not succeed, it is worth trying again; they are able to try again even when they have been unsuccessful.

#### Making choices

Pupils can make longterm plans, broken down into smaller steps in their personal life and behaviour, they can consider the consequences of possible solutions or reaching their goal for themselves or others.

# Evaluation and Review Pupils can **apply** what they have learned and explain what they need to

Pupils are able to use strategies to help them if they feel useless or inadequate; they are able to feel positive even when things gowrong.

Pupils know when to avoid upsetting or annoying situations; they recognise when they are feeling worried and know what to do about this.

Pupils know when to stop and think before they act.

#### Standing up for myself

Pupils can disagree with someone without falling out; they can cope when someone disagrees with them. Pupils have helped someone who felt embarrassed; they know how to make people feel good about themselves.

Pupils know some of the feelings people have when someone close dies or leaves; they understand that different people show their feelings in different ways.

#### Social skille

Pupils can break friends with someone without hurting their feelings.

Pupils recognise when they are using a put-down.

Pupils recognise **stereotyping;** they can try to challenge stereotypes.

Pupils can describe the people who are important to them.

Pupils can help support someone who is unhappy





	ways to calm themselves down.  Pupils can consider the short- and long-term consequences of their behaviour so as to make a wise choice, even when they are feeling angry, they know they are responsible for the choices they make and the way they behave at all times.  Pupils understand how their behaviour is linked to their thoughts and feelings; they can stop and try to get an accurate picture before they act.  Resolving conflict  Pupils are able to say and do things that are likely to make a difficult situation better; they can tell you things that		learn next; they can be a critical friend to others and themselves.	Pupils are able to stand up for what they think after listening to others and making their own choice; they understand that the majority view is not always right. Pupils can behave in an assertive way using appropriate body language and tone of voice.  Making choices Pupils can make a judgement about whether to take a risk.	because they have lost someone or something.  Pupils can think about when to forgive someone and they are able to forgive someone.  Making choices  Pupils understand when breaking friends might be the best thing to do.  Pupils can use a problemsolving approach to sorting out an embarrassing situation.
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		people sometimes do or say in a conflict situation that usually make things worse.  Pupils can use their skills for solving problems peacefully to help other people resolve conflict; they can use language ('I messages') that does not make conflict situations worse.				
Year Six	Belonging  Pupils have worked with and talked to everyone in their class; they know they are valued at school.  Understanding my feelings	Friendship  Pupils know that different ways of behaving are appropriate to different types of relationships.  Pupils can accept and appreciate people's friendship and try not to demand more than they	Knowing myself  Pupils know the skills and attributes to be an effective learner and try to develop these skills; they are aware of what some people like or admire about them and can celebrate their own achievements.	Knowing myself  Pupils accept themselves for what and who they are.  Understanding my feelings  Pupils can tell the difference between showing they are proud	Knowing myself  Pupils can think about what embarrasses them; they are able to learn something about themselves that they didn't know before.  Understanding my feelings	Knowing myself  Pupils are aware of common responses to difficult changes, and that they are sometimes similar to our responses when experiencing loss.  Pupils can tell you some of the good things about themselves





	are able to or wish to	Pupils can recognise	and <b>boasting;</b> they are	Pupils can describe a	that their classmates like and
Pupils understand how it <b>feels</b> to	give; they know that	when they are using an	aware that boasting	time they felt	value
do or start something new, and	sometimes difference	excuse instead of	can make others feel	embarrassed and what	
why.	can be a <b>barrier</b> to	finding a way around a	inadequate or useless.	it felt like.	Understanding my feelings
0	friendship.	problem.			
Managing my feelings			Pupils can explain how	Pupils understand that	Pupils understand how it might
	Pupils try to recognise	<u>Setting a realistic goal</u>	they are feeling even if	there is not just one	feel when a change takes you
Pupils have some strategies to	when they, or other		they have <b>mixed</b>	way to <b>grieve.</b>	away from familiar people and
1	people, are <b>prejudging</b>	Pupils can set	feelings; they are aware		places.
cope with uncomfortable feelings	people and they make	themselves a <b>goal</b> or	that at times the feeling	Managing my feelings	
and to calm themselves down	an effort to overcome	challenge.	part of the brain takes		Pupils can describe their 'sore
when necessary.	their own assumptions.		over and they might	Pupils know some	spots; they recognise when they
		Planning to reach a	make mistakes. Pupils	things to do when they	might <b>overreact</b> because
Understanding the feeling of	Seeing things from	<u>goal</u>	understand that strong,	feel <b>embarrassed</b> that	someone has touched a 'sore
others	another point of view		overwhelming feelings	will not make things	spot' but know that their
		Pupils can make a	can build up and how	worse.	behaviour is their
Pupils know how others may be	Pupils are able to see a	personal or learning	to use a calming-down		responsibility, even when this
feeling when they are in an	situation from another	long-term plan and	strategy in these	Pupils can use some	happens.
, 0	person's <b>perspective</b> ;	break it down into	situations to avoid	strategies to manage	
unfamiliar situation; they can help	they know how it might	smaller, <mark>achievable</mark>	'losing it'.	feelings associated with	Pupils are aware that it is
them to feel <b>valued</b> and	feel to be excluded or	goals; they know that it	Ü	loss	natural to be wary of change,
welcomed	treated badly because of	is up to them to get	Managing my feelings		and can explain why.
	being different in some	things done by taking		Pupils can tell when	
Social skille	way.	the first step.	Pupils are able to use	they are hiding a	Pupils know that all feelings,
			strategies to help them	feeling and then choose	including <b>uncomfortable</b> ones,
Pupils can work well in a group	Working together	Persistence	if they feel useless or	to <b>share</b> it with	have a purpose and give us
and explain what helps a group			inadequate; they are	someone.	information; they understand
to work well together.	Pupilo can explain some	Pupils know that if at	able to feel <b>positive</b>		why they behave the way they
work wew agenter:	things that a good	first, they do not		<u>Understanding the</u>	sometimes do when they feel
Making choices	leader should do.	succeed, it is worth		<u>feelings of others</u>	uncomfortable.
Making croces		trying again; they are			





Pupils can explain how they goabout solving a problem and can give examples.

Rights and responsibilities

Pupils understand their rights and responsibilities in the school.

Pupils know some of the things that help children in school to learn and play well together.

Pupils understand the need for

**rules** in society and school; if they don't agree with something in school, pupils know how to go about trying to change things. When they are working in a group, pupils can tell people if they agree or disagree with them and why; they are able to listen to people when they don't agree and think about what they have said.

Managing feelings – anger

Pupils know: what their triggers for anger are; what happens when they get angry; what happens when they are overwhelmed by feelings of anger; some ways to calm themselves down.

Pupils can consider the short- and long-term consequences of their behaviour so as to make a wise choice, even when they are feeling angry, they know they

able to try again even when they have been unsuccessful.

Making choices

Pupile can make longterm plans, broken down into smaller steps in their personal life and behaviour they can consider the consequences of possible solutions or reaching their goal for themselves or others.

Evaluation and Review Pupils can apply what they have learned and explain what they need to learn next; they can be a critical friend to others and themselves.

even when things gowrong.

Pupils know when to awoid upsetting or annoying situations; they recognise when they are feeling worried and know what to do about this.

Pupils know when to stop and think before they act.

Standing up for myself

Pupils can disagree with someone without falling out; they can cope when someone disagrees with them.

Pupils are able to stand up for what they think after listening to others and making their own choice; they understand that the majority view is not always right.

Pupils have helped someone who felt embarrassed; they know how to make people feel good about themselves.

Pupils know some of the feelings people have when someone close dies or leaves; they understand that different people show their feelings in different ways.

Social skills

Pupils can break friends with someone without hurting their feelings.

Pupils recognise when they are using a putdown.

Pupils recognise stereotyping, they can try to challenge stereotypes. <u>Understanding</u> the feelings of others

Pupils can try to understand why people might behave the way they do when they are facing a difficult change; they know that people respond differently to changes and challenges.

Pupils are aware that many children have mixed feelings about going to secondary school

Pupils try to understand other people's behaviour by thinking about what they might be feeling or thinking; they can describe how people might feel and behave when they go to a new school.

Managing my feelings

Pupils know that when they
move to secondary school many
things in their life will stay the
same







choices they make and the way they behave at all times.  Pupils understand how their behaviour is linked to their thoughts and feelings they can stop and try to get an accurate picture before they act.  Resolving conflict  Pupils are able to say and do things that are likely to make a difficult structure before tell you things that people sometimes do or say in a conflict			T		
the way they behave at all times.  appropriate body language and tone of voice.  Pupils understand how their behaviour is linked to their thoughts and feelings they can stop and try to get an accurate picture before they act.  Resolving conflict  Pupils are able to say and to thinge that are likely to make a difficult stuation better they can tell you thinge that people sometimes do or say in a conflict.  They are all times.  appropriate body language and tone of voice.  Pupils and tone of voice.  Pupils can help support someone who is unhappy because they have lost someone or something, and there can be positive outcomes from changes that we didn't welcome initially.  Pupils can think about when to forgive someone and they are able to forgive someone.  Making choices  Pupils are able to say and do thinge that are likely to make a difficult stuation better they can tell you thinge that a people sometimes do or say in a conflict.	1 ' '		Pupils can behave in an	•	Pupils have some <b>strategies</b> for
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and try to get an accurate picture before they act.  Resolving conflict  Pupils are able to say and do things that are likely to make a difficult situation better; they can tell you things that people sometimes do or say in a conflict  about whether to take a risk.  Pupils can think about when to forgive someone and they are able to forgive someone.  Making choices  Pupils understand when breaking friends might be the best thing to do.  Pupils can use a	to their thoughts ar	d	Pupils can make	have <b>lost</b> someone or	from changes that we didn't
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likely to make a difficult situation better; they can tell you things that people sometimes do or say in a conflict  Pupile understand when breaking friends might be the best thing to do.  Pupile can use a	Pupils are able to s	ay		Making choices	insecure and unconfident.
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tell you things that  people sometimes do or say in a conflict  be the best thing to do.  Pupile can use a	likely to make a dif	icult		Pupils understand when	
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approach to					
Pupils can use their sorting out an	Pupils can use thei			•	
skills for solving embarrassing	skille for solving			9	
problems peacefully to situation.	problems peaceful	y to		situation.	
help other people	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·				
resolve conflict; they		¥			





	can use language (I messages) that does not make conflict situations worse.		
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